

Feline 2011-2013

## Susceptibility profile of Feline pathogens received at ISU VDL

Data reported as: % susceptible (# isolates tested)<sup>1</sup>

Antibiotic	B bron	E coli	E fael	E faem	Ente	K pneu	P aer	P mult	Pseu	S aur	S can	S pint
Amikacin	100% (18)	99% (104)	42% (48)	15% (13)	100% (12)	100% (2)	100% (35)	91% (47)	88% (24)	100% (20)	13% (16)	100% (26)
Amoxicillin/Clavulanic Acid	78% (18)	80% (104)	94% (48)	23% (13)	58% (12)	100% (2)	0% (35)	100% (47)	63% (24)	90% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Ampicillin	22% (18)	66% (104)	92% (48)	23% (13)	58% (12)	0% (2)	0% (35)	100% (47)	46% (24)	35% (20)	100% (16)	73% (26)
Cefazolin	0% (18)	89% (104)	2% (48)	0% (13)	17% (12)	100% (2)	0% (35)	100% (47)	42% (24)	90% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Cefovecin	0% (18)	89% (104)	2% (48)	0% (13)	83% (12)	100% (2)	3% (35)	96% (47)	33% (24)	90% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Cefoxitin	0% (18)	88% (104)	0% (48)	0% (13)	42% (12)	100% (2)	0% (35)	98% (47)	46% (24)	55% (20)	100% (16)	88% (26)
Cepfodoxime	0% (18)	89% (104)	15% (48)	0% (13)	83% (12)	100% (2)	0% (35)	96% (47)	46% (24)	80% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Ceftiofur	0% (18)	92% (104)	2% (48)	0% (13)	83% (12)	100% (2)	6% (35)	100% (47)	38% (24)	85% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Cephalothin	0% (4)	82% (11)	4% (28)	25% (4)	0% (1)		0% (5)	100% (9)	25% (4)	88% (16)	100% (12)	91% (22)
Chloramphenicol	89% (18)	88% (104)	96% (48)	100% (13)	75% (12)	100% (2)	0% (35)	100% (47)	67% (24)	85% (20)	100% (16)	100% (26)
Clindamycin	0% (18)	0% (104)	2% (48)	0% (13)	0% (12)	0% (2)	0% (35)	0% (47)	4% (24)	90% (20)	81% (16)	88% (26)
Doxycycline	100% (18)	88% (104)	77% (48)	38% (13)	67% (12)	100% (2)	9% (35)	98% (47)	88% (24)	90% (20)	75% (16)	81% (26)
Enrofloxacin	83% (18)	96% (104)	29% (48)	8% (13)	92% (12)	100% (2)	66% (35)	100% (47)	79% (24)	90% (20)	56% (16)	88% (26)
Erythromycin	0% (18)	0% (104)	23% (48)	8% (13)	0% (12)	0% (2)	0% (35)	9% (47)	25% (24)	65% (20)	0% (16)	69% (26)
Gentamicin	100% (18)	100% (104)	63% (48)	8% (13)	100% (12)	100% (2)	89% (35)	98% (47)	92% (24)	100% (20)	69% (16)	92% (26)
Imipenem	100% (18)	100% (104)	96% (48)	23% (13)	100% (12)	100% (2)	94% (35)	100% (47)	88% (24)	90% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Marbofloxacin	100% (18)	98% (104)	29% (48)	8% (13)	100% (12)	100% (2)	94% (35)	100% (47)	92% (24)	90% (20)	75% (16)	88% (26)
Oxacillin <sup>3</sup>	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	90% (20)	NI	92% (26)
Penicillin	0% (18)	0% (104)	92% (48)	23% (13)	0% (12)	0% (2)	0% (35)	64% (47)	0% (24)	30% (20)	100% (16)	46% (26)
Ticarcillin	50% (18)	77% (104)	6% (48)	8% (13)	67% (12)	0% (2)	91% (35)	100% (47)	67% (24)	90% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Ticarcillin/Clavulanic Acid	100% (18)	90% (104)	4% (48)	8% (13)	83% (12)	100% (2)	94% (35)	100% (47)	75% (24)	90% (20)	100% (16)	92% (26)
Trimethoprim/Sulphamethoxazole	78% (18)	93% (104)	94% (48)	69% (13)	100% (12)	100% (2)	17% (35)	96% (47)	71% (24)	100% (20)	100% (16)	85% (26)

<sup>3</sup> Isolates resistant to oxacillin are interpreted as potentially methicillin resistant.

**Key:**

- 1 Data is reported as: % susceptible (# isolates tested) - not all bacteria isolated at ISU VDL have been tested for antimicrobial susceptibility  
2 See *Salmonella* serotype table for most common serotypes isolated within each group  
3 Isolates resistant to oxacillin are interpreted as potentially methicillin resistant.  
4 A result of <=2 ug/ml for Carbadox is a conservative indicator of bacterial inhibition by this antimicrobial agent. The result shown is based on pharmacokinetic research indicating an average Carbadox level of 4.5 mcg/ml in the small intestine of pigs fed a dose rate of 50 g/ton. (De Graff 1988).  
5 Multidrug resistant isolates were found resistant to most classes of antimicrobial in the 1<sup>st</sup> round of testing. This table represents additional Disk Diffusion testing for those isolates.
- NA Not applicable  
ND Not done  
NI No interpretation

A equ - <i>Actinobacillus equuli</i>	H ecol - hemolytic <i>E.coli</i>	S aur - <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>
A suis - <i>Actinobacillus suis</i>	H som - <i>Histophilus somni</i>	S beta- <i>Beta Streptococcus</i> species
Abua - <i>Acinetobacter</i> species	HPS - <i>Haemophilus parasuis</i>	S can - <i>Streptococcus canis</i>
Amy - <i>Actinomyces</i> species	K pneu - <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	S chol - <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i>
APP - <i>Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae</i>	M bov - <i>Moraxella bovis</i>	S dysg - <i>Streptococcus dysgalactiae</i>
B bron - <i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i>	M haem - <i>Mannheimia haemolytica</i>	S epi- <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>
B tre - <i>Bibersteinia trehalosi</i> (formerly <i>Pasteurella trehalosi</i> )	P aer - <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	S equi - <i>Streptococcus equi</i>
Bact - <i>Bacteroides</i> group	P cab - <i>Pasteurella caballii</i>	S equus - <i>Streptococcus equisimilis</i>
C diff - <i>Clostridium difficile</i>	P mult - <i>Pasteurella multocida</i>	S pint - <i>Staph pseudintermedius</i>
C perf - <i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Past - <i>Pasteurella</i> species	S suis - <i>Streptococcus suis</i>
Clos - <i>Clostridium</i> species	Pec - <i>Peptococcus</i> species	S ube - <i>Streptococcus uberis</i>
E coli - <i>Escherichia coli</i>	Pes - <i>Peptostreptococcus</i> species	S zoo - <i>Streptococcus zooepidemicus</i>
E fael - <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	Pmul A - <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> Type A	Salm sp- <i>Salmonella</i> species
E faem - <i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	Pmul D - <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> Type D	Salm B - <i>Salmonella</i> species group B
Enc - <i>Enterococcus</i> species	Prot - <i>Proteus</i> species	Salm C1 - <i>Salmonella</i> species group C1
Ente - <i>Enterobacter</i> species	Prp - <i>Propionibacterium</i> species	Salm C2 - <i>Salmonella</i> species group C2
Erys - <i>Erysipelothrix</i>	Pseu - <i>Pseudomonas</i> species	Salm D - <i>Salmonella</i> species group D
Fus - <i>Fusobacterium</i>	R equ - <i>Rhodococcus equi</i>	Salm E - <i>Salmonella</i> species group E
G ana - <i>Gallibacterium anatis</i>		